



# Specialist Consultation Referral Form

Referring Physician's Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Consulting Physician's Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Referring Physician's Phone: \_\_\_\_\_

Consulting Physician's Phone: \_\_\_\_\_

Referring Physician's Fax: \_\_\_\_\_

Consulting Physician's Fax: \_\_\_\_\_

I am referring my patient to you for consultation in the initiation of Repatha® therapy. The patient's insurance plan requires Repatha® be written in consultation with or by a specialist. Please see the Payer Requirements and Consulting Physician sections for required actions.

**Referring Physician**

## Patient Information

Patient Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Patient Phone: \_\_\_\_\_ Date of Birth: \_\_\_\_\_

## Patient Medical Information

Please provide one **primary** and one **secondary** ICD-10-CM code\*:

### Primary Codes:

- E78.00 Pure Hypercholesterolemia, unspecified
- E78.01 Familial Hypercholesterolemia
- E78.2 Mixed Hyperlipidemia
- E78.4 Other Hyperlipidemia
- E78.5 Hyperlipidemia, Unspecified

### Secondary Codes:

- I20.0 Unstable Angina
- I20.9 Angina Pectoris, Unspecified
- I21.\_\_\_\_ Acute Myocardial Infarction
- I22.\_\_\_\_ Subsequent Myocardial Infarction
- I25.\_\_\_\_ Chronic Ischemic Heart Disease
- I63.\_\_\_\_ Cerebral Infarction
- I65.\_\_\_\_ Occlusion and Stenosis of Cerebral Arteries, Extracranial
- I66.\_\_\_\_ Occlusion and Stenosis of Cerebral Arteries, Intracranial
- I67.\_\_\_\_ Other Cerebrovascular Diseases
- I70.\_\_\_\_ Atherosclerosis
- I73.9 Peripheral Vascular Disease, Unspecified
- G45.9 Transient Cerebral Ischemic Attack, Unspecified
- G46.\_\_\_\_ Vascular Syndromes
- Z83.42 Family history of familial hypercholesterolemia
- Other (specify ICD-10-CM): \_\_\_\_\_

## Treatment History

Patient Treatment History attached – OR –  Patient Treatment History below

**LDL-C on Treatment:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

Atorvastatin (Lipitor®)  10mg  20mg  40mg  80mg

Rosuvastatin (Crestor®)  5mg  10mg  20mg  40mg

Simvastatin (Zocor®)  5mg  10mg  20mg  40mg

Ezetimibe (Zetia®)  10mg

Other statin/lipid-lowering medication(s): \_\_\_\_\_

Has the patient failed on or do they have contraindications to any of the above therapies? \_\_\_\_\_

Other pertinent medical history or drug therapy: \_\_\_\_\_

Family history of established cardiovascular disease (CVD): \_\_\_\_\_

Allergies: \_\_\_\_\_

## Payer Requirements – Choose One

**Payer requires prescription be written by specialist – Appointment Requested**

My patient has been referred to you for initiation of Repatha® due to patient's insurance utilization management criteria requesting Repatha® be written by a specialist. Patient medical history documentation attached.

**Payer requires prescription written in consultation with specialist (Please Complete Section Below)**

**Consulting Physician**

## To Be Completed by the Consulting Physician

In order to authorize coverage, the patient's payer requires that Repatha® is prescribed in consultation with or by a cardiologist or endocrinologist. Upon review of the treatment rationale, please complete the following section and fax back this form to the referring physician.

**Consulting Physician's Notes:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Consulting Physician's Name:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Consulting Physician's Signature:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Consulting Physician's Specialty:** \_\_\_\_\_

### ADDITIONAL FOLLOW-UP IS NEEDED:

- Contact my office to schedule a phone consultation
- Provide other supporting information (please specify: \_\_\_\_\_)
- Schedule patient appointment for in-office evaluation

\*The sample diagnosis codes are informational and not intended to be directive or a guarantee of reimbursement, and include potential codes that would include FDA-approved indications for Repatha®. Other codes may be more appropriate given internal system guidelines, payer requirements, practice patterns, and the services rendered.

**Please see Indications and Important Safety Information on next page, and accompanying Repatha® full Prescribing Information.**

## **INDICATIONS AND IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION**

**Prevention of Cardiovascular Events:** In adults with established cardiovascular disease, Repatha® is indicated to reduce the risk of myocardial infarction, stroke, and coronary revascularization.

**Primary Hyperlipidemia (including Heterozygous Familial Hypercholesterolemia):** Repatha® is indicated as an adjunct to diet, alone or in combination with other lipid-lowering therapies (e.g., statins, ezetimibe), for the treatment of adults with primary hyperlipidemia to reduce low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C).

**Homozygous Familial Hypercholesterolemia:** Repatha® is indicated as an adjunct to diet and other LDL-lowering therapies (e.g., statins, ezetimibe, LDL apheresis) for the treatment of patients with homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH) who require additional lowering of LDL-C.

The safety and effectiveness of Repatha® have not been established in pediatric patients with HoFH who are younger than 13 years old or in pediatric patients with primary hyperlipidemia or HeFH.

**Contraindication:** Repatha® is contraindicated in patients with a history of a serious hypersensitivity reaction to Repatha®. Serious hypersensitivity reactions including angioedema have occurred in patients treated with Repatha®.

**Allergic Reactions:** Hypersensitivity reactions (e.g. angioedema, rash, urticaria) have been reported in patients treated with Repatha®, including some that led to discontinuation of therapy. If signs or symptoms of serious allergic reactions occur, discontinue treatment with Repatha®, treat according to the standard of care, and monitor until signs and symptoms resolve.

**Adverse Reactions in Primary Hyperlipidemia (including HeFH):** The most common adverse reactions (>5% of patients treated with Repatha® and occurring more frequently than placebo) were: nasopharyngitis, upper respiratory tract infection, influenza, back pain, and injection site reactions.

From a pool of the 52-week trial and seven 12-week trials: Local injection site reactions occurred in 3.2% and 3.0% of Repatha®-treated and placebo-treated patients, respectively. The most common injection site reactions were erythema, pain, and bruising.

Allergic reactions occurred in 5.1% and 4.7% of Repatha®-treated and placebo-treated patients, respectively. The most common allergic reactions were rash (1.0% versus 0.5% for Repatha® and placebo, respectively), eczema (0.4% versus 0.2%), erythema (0.4% versus 0.2%), and urticaria (0.4% versus 0.1%).

**Adverse Reactions in the Cardiovascular Outcomes Trial:** The most common adverse reactions (>5% of patients treated with Repatha® and occurring more frequently than placebo) were: diabetes mellitus (8.8% Repatha®, 8.2% placebo), nasopharyngitis (7.8% Repatha®, 7.4% placebo), and upper respiratory tract infection (5.1% Repatha®, 4.8% placebo).

Among the 16,676 patients without diabetes mellitus at baseline, the incidence of new-onset diabetes mellitus during the trial was 8.1% in patients assigned to Repatha® compared with 7.7% in those assigned to placebo.

**Adverse Reactions in Homozygous Familial Hypercholesterolemia (HoFH):** The adverse reactions that occurred in at least two patients treated with Repatha® and more frequently than placebo were: upper respiratory tract infection, influenza, gastroenteritis, and nasopharyngitis.

**Immunogenicity:** Repatha® is a human monoclonal antibody. As with all therapeutic proteins, there is potential for immunogenicity with Repatha®.

**AMGEN**®

Amgen  
One Amgen Center Drive  
Thousand Oaks, CA 91320-1799  
www.amgen.com